

Difficult Public Conversations



Consensus Building Institute (CBI)

- CBI is an internationally recognized non-profit, founded in 1993
- **Our mission**: Empower stakeholders—public and private, government and community—to resolve issues, reach better more durable agreements, and build stronger relationships.

30+ Staff

Working Internationally

)FFICES

Cambridge, MA New York San Francisco Washington, D.C. Santiago, Chile Montreal, Canada

Affiliated with

MIT-Harvard Public Disputes Program

MIT Department of Urban Studies and Planning

Expertise

Energy, Environment & Land Use

International Development

Social Policy & Cultural Resources

Corporate Community Engagement

Organizational

Governance & Strategy

Commercial Agreement

Services

Negotiation Audits

Training & Coaching

Strategic Advising

Issues & Stakeholder
Assessment

Process Design

Mediation

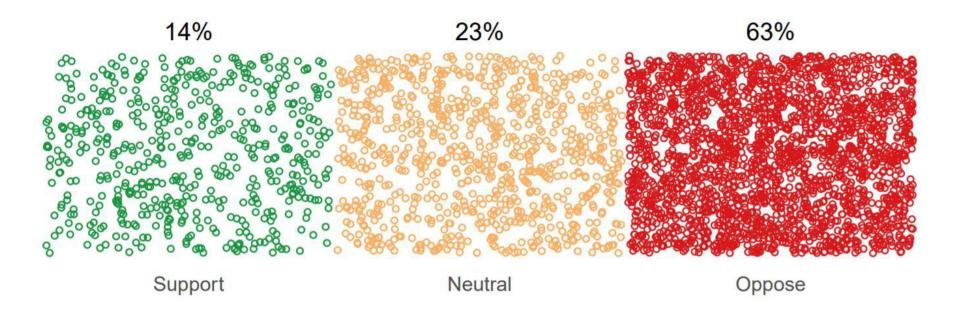
Facilitation

Stakeholder Engagement

Research & Evaluation



What People Say at Public Meetings About New Housing



Source: https://www.chapa.org/sites/default/files/Katherine%20Levine%20Einstein%20zoning participation CHAPA.pdf



Personal questions . . . ?

- When someone steps hard on your toe on public transit or in a jostling crowd, what is your first reaction?
- 2. When someone cuts in line in front of you, what do you feel?
- 3. When your child comes home from a bad day at school or a spouse or roommate comes home from a bad day at work, what do you do?



And a professional question . . . ?

Why are people coming to public meetings, public spaces, and public venues angry?

Enter a short word or phrase (only a few words) into Mentimeter

(you can enter up to 3)

https://www.menti.com/



What do people need?

MOST

- Offense as defense
- Release
- Acknowledgement
- Agency and influence
- A semblance of fairness

AND SOME

- Disruption
- Leverage
- Power

Cognitive Barriers to Constructive Engagement

- Reactive devaluation
- Risk aversion
- Proximal dependence
- Opposition bias and spiral of silence
- Information bias (minds are stubborn things)
- Implicit (and explicit) bias

Tools We Won't Cover in this Module but Important!

- Norms and groundrules
- Time limits
- Structured agendas
- Spatial arrangements
- Stakeholder assessment

- Diverse meeting formats
- Quality audio-visual
- Multiple means to participate
- Timing and sequencing
- Offer options not decisions

Elements for Success

Intent
Assumptions
Behaviors
Strategies
Tools

What is your intent?







SHARE

SHAPE

STEER



SCHOOL



Assumptions

People are doing the best that they can

You don't know the life people bring into the room

You're <u>not</u>
responsible for (nor
can control) other's
emotions &
behaviors

You <u>are</u> accountable for your own behaviors

There are multiple ways to interpret a situation

Public service is not servitude

Norms can matter



Manage your body first



Listen, listen and listen



Acknowledge



Recognize your own emotions



Respond don't react



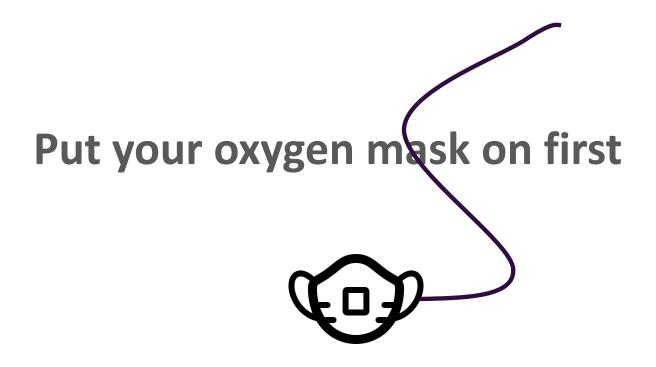
Learn and share (don't lecture)



Be firm; set boundaries



STRATEGIES



What behaviors do you use to be more effective in public meetings?

Enter a short comment into Mentimeter

https://www.menti.com/

STRATEGIES



Suspend

Suspend judgment



Look

Look for the valid (emotions, needs, wants)



Listen

Listen for interests and values not positions



Pick

Pick your battles

STRATEGIES

Focus	Keep your eye on the prize
Operate	Operate fairly and transparently
> Distinguis	h Distinguish IF from HOW
Don't	Don't go into a box canyon without a rope
Take	Take a break

Implicit Bias

Identify



Address



Examples - Implicit Bias

"We need to ensure the safety of our communities"

"We have to consider the impact on property values"

"We need to prevent overcrowding and maintain quality of life"

"We need to ensure our resources are used effectively"

Questions and Discussion

